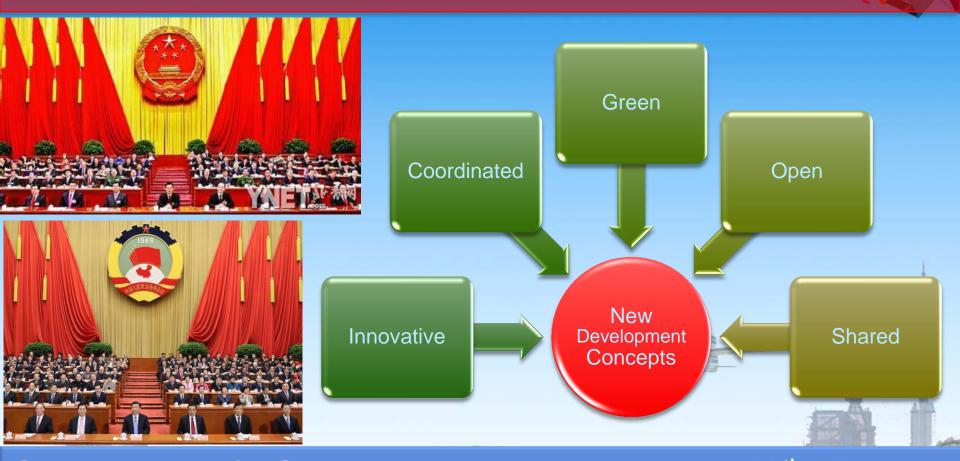
精准测绘土地,支撑永续发展 Mapping Land Dynamically for Sustainable Development

李朋德 Dr.LI, Pengde

Co-Chair, UN-GGIM Deputy Administrator, NASG, China Standing Committee Member of the National Committee of CPPCC

New Development Concept in China

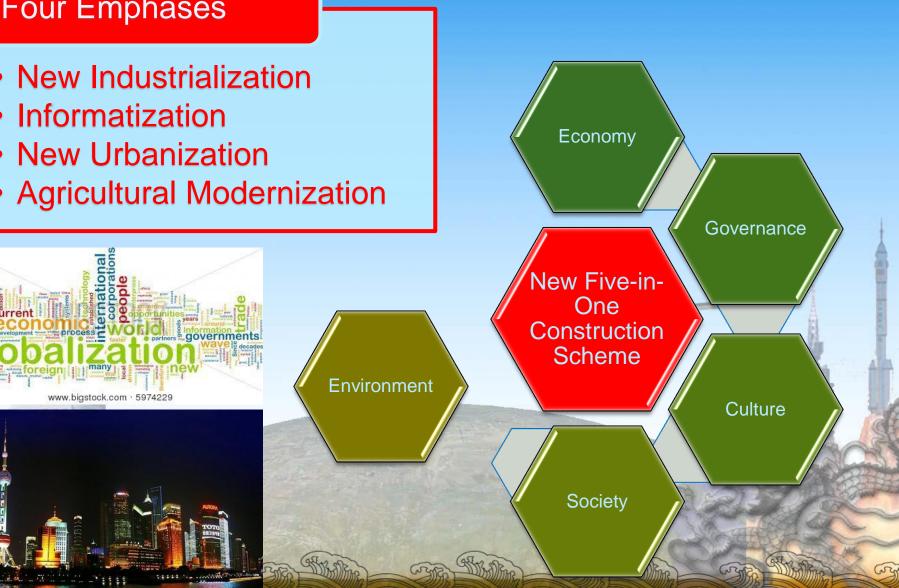


China People's Congress has approved the 13th Five-Year Plan of the National Economic and Social Development last month. The New Development Concept has set the guidance for planning in all sectors.

New Construction Scheme and Emphases in China

Four Emphases

- New Industrialization
- Informatization
- New Urbanization
- Agricultural Modernization



13th FYP of Land Resources.

Innovative Land Governance

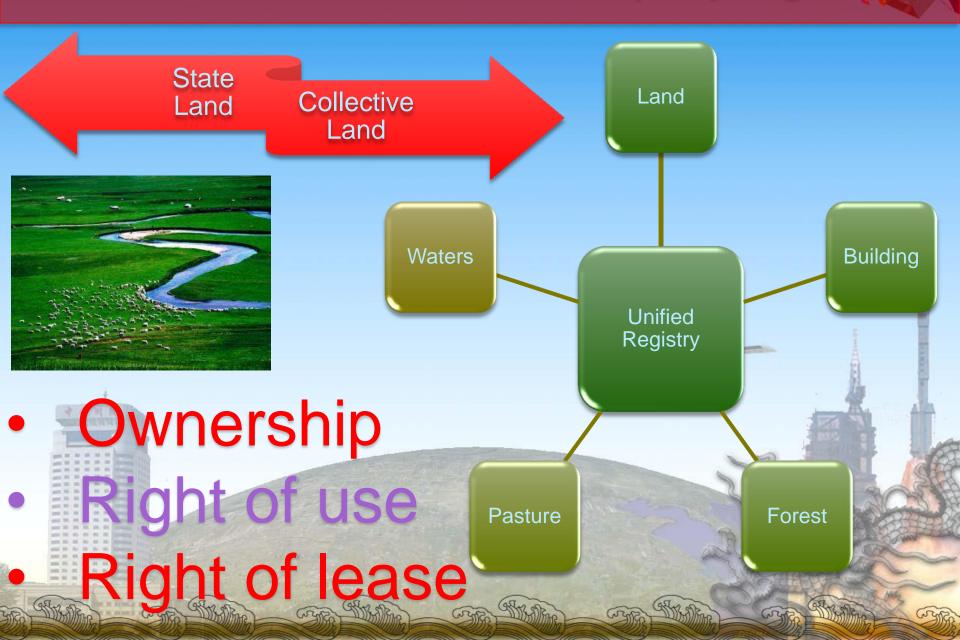
Coordinated Land Resources Utilization Arrangement

Green Utilization for Land Sustainability

Open for Land Resources Cooperation and Development

Shared Service of Land Resources

Unified Real Property Registration



New Tasks of Surveying and Mapping in Five-Year Plans.



New Concept of Geospatial Governance



New Role of Surveying and Mapping



Surveying and Mapping with New Capacity



Intelligent Cities and MapWorld Geo-Portal



Geographic Census and Dynamic Monitoring



Natural Features



Geographic Census

Physical Geography

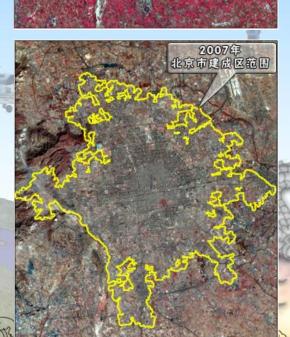
Land Cover

Human Geography

Artificial Features

Social-Economic Data



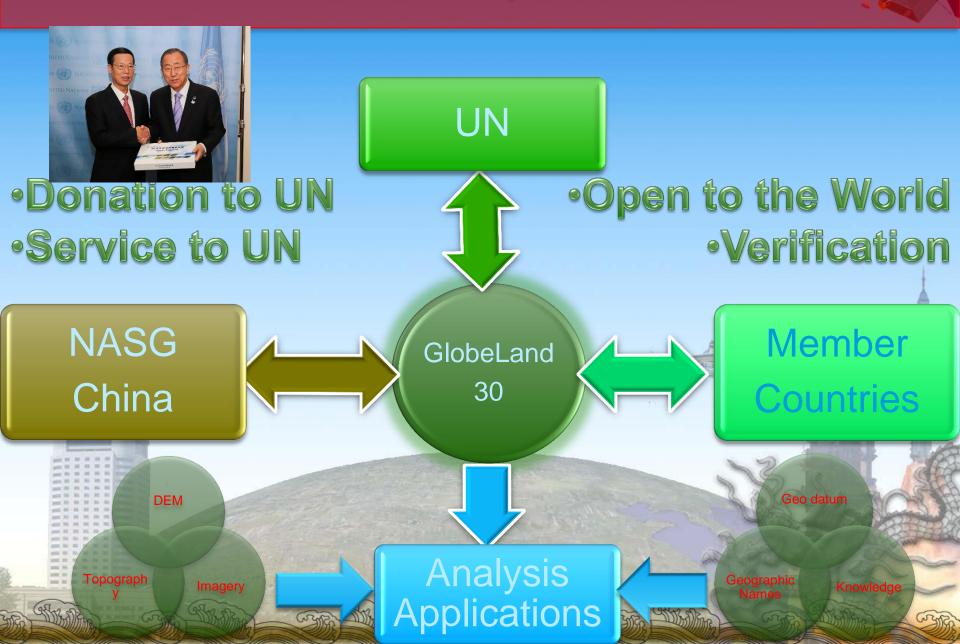


20世纪70年代 北京市建成区范围

Global Land Cover Map Data: GlobeLand30



International Cooperation on GlobeLand30



Beidou Navigation Satellites



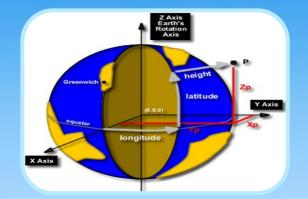
Geostationary Orbit (GEO) 5 Middle Earth Orbit (MEO) 27 Inclined Geostationary Orbit (IGSO) 3 2012 Asia Pacific--2020 Worldwide

China's Mapping Satellites



2 Bands Laser Ranging, 1 m Pan

Good Global Land Governance Needs Capacity Building



A global geodetic reference framework (GGRF) Global Navigation Satellite Systems (GNSS)



A system of global earth observation systems (GEOSS)



1.Land governance is always a political issue.

2.Good utilization of land need geospatial planning in an integrated manner.
3.Land administration needs accurate and dynamic surveying and mapping.
4.The world needs global capacity of geospatial information management.